

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day effected a partnership for the manufacture of BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS AND LIGHT PLEASURE VEHICLES of all kinds, in this city, and, in order to meet the growing demand of an already established trade, we will keep constantly on hand a fine of our own work, executed by any either in price or quality. We will also aim to carry a cheaper grade of goods for those desiring same. We propose to run our business on a broad gauge. Content with small margins, we intend to batter down the wall of high prices with our engine of quick sales, and we shall compare with any. Mr. JOHN PORTER will continue with our firm and will give his personal attention to our UNDERTAKING business. Malesboro: No. 16 Union Street.

MYALL & SHACKLEFORD, West Side Station Street, Marysville, Ky.

Look Here!

B. & B.

Are now receiving their Fall Line of goods, all of which will be sold LOW for CASH. A new line of Tourist's and Tarleton RUGS just put on sale. The best

50 and 75c. CORSETS

in the city. The sacrifice on all SUMMER GOODS still continues.

Browning & Barkley

Second St., bet. Miner's & Owens & Barkley's.

THE

GREAT Slaughter SALE

—OF—

BOOTS SHOES

BEGINS AT RANSON'S TO-DAY. OUR ENTIRE SUMMER STOCK MUST BE SOLD PRIOR TO RECEIVING FALL GOODS, AND TO ACCOMPLISH THIS WE WILL OFFER UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS FOR THIRTY DAYS. CALL EARLY AND SECURE BEST BARGAINS.

F. B. RANSON.

AT THE

PAINT STORE

—It is a fine stock of—

WALL PAPER,

CEILING DECORATIONS, and everything in the Paint Line. BLUE GRASS, the best Coating for walls and ceilings; it will not rub off, and is cheaper and better than Kalsomine or Watercolor. Anyone can put it on. ALBERT GREENWOOD, No. 2 Zwicker's Block.

JACOB LINS.

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

ICE CREAM AND BODA WATER a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes. Parties and Weddings furnished on short notice. No. 3 Second Street, Marysville.

Established 1865.

IGITY GROCERY.

G. W. GEISEL, No. 2 Second St., Opp. Opera House, Fresh and Vegetables season. Your patronage respectfully solicited. ALBERT GREENWOOD, No. 2 Zwicker's Block.

TURNING THE TABLES. SUMMONING A PROCUREUR AND THE PALL MAIL GAZETTE.

Sir Henry Wolff's Proposal to the Sultan is the Deposing of Tewfik and the Rehabilitation of Ismail—No Such, River, Ireland—Foreign News.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The tables were turned on the Sultanists and the Pall Mall Gazette by the application of Barrister Fothergill under orders from the House of Lords, for a summons of criminal arrest against all persons concerned in the abduction of the girl Armstrong for purposes of inventing a case of juvenile prostitution to deceive the public and the committee composed of prelates. The matter came up at Bow street before Sir James Vaughan as a government prosecution. The principal charge in that Rebecca Jarrett, complied with Mr. Stoad, editor of the Pall Mail Gazette, to commit an indecent assault upon Armstrong. Mr. George Lewis appeared for Mr. Stoad, thus showing how important The Pall Mail Gazette considers the matter. Mr. Poland, in the course of a long speech, recited facts and figures to show a diabolical attempt to manufacture evidence, and asked also for a summons against the Sultan. The Sultan's agents, as an accessory, Mr. Stoad being in Switzerland was ordered to surrender next Monday, and bail was refused for Mrs. Jarrett.

The case is that of the girl Eliza Armstrong, who figured in the Pall Mail Gazette revelation as "Lily" one of the girl victims of London vice. The identity of the story of "Lily" given in the Pall Mail with that of Eliza Armstrong has been admitted by Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army. The "Lily" affair was given as a bona fide story of an innocent child, who was taken to a house of ill fame, drugged and outraged. Mr. Stoad, the editor of the Pall Mail Gazette, at St. James Hall, made a different statement from that given in his paper. He said that he and he alone was responsible for taking the child Eliza Armstrong from her home. The mother had sold her daughter for immoral purposes; that he had conveyed the girl to a house of bad character, but that she had only remained there half an hour, and had left it free from all harm. The first statement conflicts with that made by Mrs. Josephine Butler, for this lady has stated that she was responsible for the proceedings of her friend Mrs. Jarrett when Mrs. Stoad was characterized as "an unscrupulous man, who had taken the child in hand at procreation," who is known to have taken the child from her home. The second point is denied by Mrs. Armstrong, the mother, who has stated all through that she did not sell the child, and that she really believed she was to be taken to a respectable situation.

Deposing Tewfik. The Sultan has ordered the draft of a decree to be drawn up for his deposition deposing Tewfik, the actual khedive of Egypt, and replacing him by Ismail, Tewfik's father, and the ex-khedive, who was so supinely deposed at the investigation of the Egyptian and French holders of Egyptian bonds and money lenders in 1879. Germany and Austria are both favorable to the restoration of Ismail, although the Sultan personally favors Ismail, the only surviving son of Mehmet Ali. Sir Henry Drummond Wolff is getting on famously with the Sultan. He has been with an enthusiastic reception. The price was received at the railway station by King Oscar, who affectionately embraced him. The city was proudly decorated with flags in honor of the royal visitor.

Mr. Flourey, an official in the treasury department of Russia, has been detected smuggling the public funds, has committed suicide. He was laid to rest by his heavy funeral procession.

A fire in Barrow-in-Furness destroyed the works of the Barrow shipbuilding company, causing a loss of \$1,000,000 and throwing 3,000 men out of work. Mr. Parnell, in his speech at Dublin, ridiculed the theory set up by Englishmen that the Tories and Liberals were deep in party differences in order to untidy combat the Irish in parliament in their struggle for Irish independence. The Tories were party differences in order to untidy combat the Irish in parliament in their struggle for Irish independence. The Tories were party differences in order to untidy combat the Irish in parliament in their struggle for Irish independence.

The remains of Baron and Baroness Mares at Paris have been examined for examination. The couple died within a short period of each other, after having for a long time been under the influence of a spiritualist and his wife, who were benefited by the death of their noble partner. It is now suspected that both the baron and baroness died from poison.

The Nova Vermya states that in the event of an alliance between England and Turkey Russia will withdraw from the Transcaucasian region. Russia, however, is not so easily won. Russia, however, is not so easily won. Russia, however, is not so easily won.

Star notices were posted on the doors of the houses of many other tenants in the same town. Much comment has been made among Nationalists and Loyalists about a noticeable feature in the language of the Pall Mail—viz., the removal of the crown and letters V. R. which have always been heretofore on the top of the canopy erected over the desk. Their place was occupied by a large and unmarked, with the words "Lead mine failure."

Guarding the Case. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The precautionary measures taken for the case's safety at Krong are nothing compared to those deemed necessary for his majesty's security at home. Thus in anticipation of the emperor's visit to Kiel the police authorities of Kiel made 150 domiciliary searches at the lodgings of students and other young people, and wherever books or papers in the highest degree suspicious were found the owner was marched off to prison. This took place on the night of the 25th, and it was only four days later that the journey was released. The rest were detained in consequence of the alleged discovery of a plot against the emperor's life. This was the spirit of the kind of things that were done within the last few months.

Mr. Phelps Commended. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Times devote a leader in an eulogistic vein to Minister Phelps, who opened the new church at New Flights. It remarks of Mr. Phelps that his arguments are fewer and a little less highly finished than his predecessors, and commends the dexterity with which he spoke of the enlarged franchise without offending the feelings of the Liberal party.

The Paucity of Ireland. TIFERNY, Sept. 5.—For three days past a heavy rain has been continuously kept up on the Bank of Ireland, and it now amounts to almost a panic. The Irish Tory papers are now filled with bitter and vindictive articles concerning the affair, and they intimate that the entire ruin was engineered in revenge for the Liberator's refusal to give the welcome to the Munster bank during its recent troubles.

The Spanish Treaty. MADRID, Sept. 5.—Mr. Foster is confident that the Cile commercial treaty will be completed in time to be submitted for ratification at the opening of the United States congress.

Round About Europe. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The exchange here will be closed so as to permit further repairs to be made to the building.

Mr. Gladstone, in answer to inquiry made by the Provost of Albury, has stated that he is "extremely well," although "with a little hoarse."

Queen Victoria has granted pensions of £100 each to the four sisters of John Leach, the artist.

The Queen's Cup is seriously ill at Vienna.

Prince Henry, of Battenberg, husband of Princess Beatrice, has, by the queen's order, been appointed a commandant in the British army.

The Prince of Wales arrived at Stockholm, where he was met with an enthusiastic reception. The price was received at the railway station by King Oscar, who affectionately embraced him.

The city was proudly decorated with flags in honor of the royal visitor. Mr. Flourey, an official in the treasury department of Russia, has been detected smuggling the public funds, has committed suicide. He was laid to rest by his heavy funeral procession.

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WM. McKENDRY GWIN. A PICTURED CHARACTER IN AMERICAN HISTORY.

From AMERICAN HISTORY'S Time to the Present Completion in Public Affairs. The Widow's Immortality—Washington—National News Notes.

New York, Sept. 5.—Former Senator William M. Gwin, of California, died in the New York hotel. He had been at West Point, where he was taken sick with dysentery, and he came down to New York, hoping better care and the change would bring about his recovery. He was with a party of friends. His family were not with him. They were telegraphed for when his illness became serious. His will will arrive in New York on Monday.

Wm. McKendry Gwin was a picturesque character in American history. For more than half a century he has been more or less intimately connected with political affairs. The advent of Andrew Jackson, to the presidency in 1829, found him in Washington as a protégé of Andrew Jackson Donelson, the president's private secretary, through whom he was introduced to the great man by Jackson himself. It has been said by his friends that he was at one time Jackson's private secretary, but this was not the case, though he was employed in the executive office and was very well liked by the president.

In 1832, during Jackson's second term, Gwin was nominated for United States senator for Mississippi. The Mississippians opposed this nomination, because Gwin was a slaveholder. At that date, the senate rejected the nomination. This excited Old Hickory, and he renewed the nomination, with the understanding that Gwin was to be made marshal of Mississippi. That settled it, and Gwin was confirmed. He was subsequently elected to congress from the second district of California.

On the acquisition of California he started for that land of promise. He was chosen for a term of office, and he remained from that state in 1850, being re-elected in 1856. In 1850 the state was Republican and Gwin lost his seat. He could not conceal his sympathy for the secession, and was soon in trouble with the government. His son, a cadet at West Point, went south to serve in the Confederate army. Gwin, however, Benham and others took passage on a small steamer for Panama, intending to return to California. They were met by a gunboat, with several companies of regular troops, took passage on the same steamer and during the voyage arrested Gwin, Benham and others and brought them to this port, where they were placed in Fort Lafayette. Gwin was released in 1862, and he returned to California. He joined the fortunes of Maximilian by whom he was created Duke of Sonora. With the fall of Maximilian Gwin's Mexican career ended.

Gwin took an active part in support of George Greeley in 1874. During 1876, Hancock and Cleveland in 1880. Of late years he has spent his winters in Washington, where he has been looked upon as the representative of Republicanism and the Central Pacific Railroad company.

The Widow's Immortality.

New York, Sept. 5.—The line of visitors to Gen. Grant's tomb was interrupted by the arrival of a carriage, driven by a coachman of black horses. The carriage stopped in front of the entrance and a young man followed by an elderly lady alighted. They were not recognized as before the case. The man, of Camp Grant, was near the entrance, and he recognized U. S. Grant, Jr. The elderly lady, who was Mrs. Grant, and her son and her son were in deep mourning. Mrs. Grant's long veil covered her face. Capt. Frederickson, of the Privy Council, on guard to request the visitor to fall back. Mrs. Grant had come to visit Gen. Grant's tomb and they stayed until a large semi-circle was formed. All the men took off their hats.

Capt. Frederickson and Mrs. Grant had a half minute's conversation, and Capt. Frederickson immediately unlocked the doors of the tomb and then opened Mrs. Grant, having on her son's arm, walked through the doorway and descended two steps to the floor of the tomb. Pausing an instant at the foot of the steps, Mrs. Grant drew from under her long outer wrapping a large wreath of white immortelles, which she placed on a laurel wreath that lay on the floor. Then Mrs. Grant laid on the middle of the casket in a space cleared of other offerings by her son. For a minute Mrs. Grant stood motionless before the casket. Then taking Mr. Grant's arm, she went back slowly to her carriage. The wreath is in plain sight from the outside of the tomb.

Skeleton Found.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—A sportsman while hunting found the skeleton of a man in the woods a few miles north of Georgetown. The skeleton was found near the trunk, the rest of the bones being intact; but were entirely denuded of flesh. Scattered about the skeleton in a good state of preservation were the man's clothing, and in the pocket of the coat a package of letters were found addressed to John Furch, Baltimore, Md. Some of the letters told of family troubles, and it is believed the man strayed off in the woods and committed suicide.

Mr. Manning's Views.

New York, Sept. 5.—Secretary Manning had a conference with Assistant Treasurer Action. During the visit the secretary received calls from President Fry of the Bank of New York; President Dool, of the Bank of North America, and Eugene Kelly. It is understood that the secretary was called and that the secretary assured the bankers that the administration desired the aid of the senate in the matter of reference to the subject will be made in the report to the next congress. The secretary did not visit the custom house.

Homeward Bound.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 5.—President Cleveland is expected to arrive here soon. A dispatch received from him by one of his friends here states that he expects to remain in this city over Sunday, the guest of Dr. Ward.

That Miner-Chinese War.

ROCK SPRING, WY., Sept. 5.—For the first time in many years there was not a Chinaman in Rock Spring street except mounted. The five or six hundred who were at work in the mines have been driven out, and nothing but heaps of smoking ruins mark the spot where Chinatown stood. The feeling against the Chinese has been growing stronger all summer. The fact that the white men had been turned off the sections and hunted of white men were seeking in vain for work, while the Chinese were being shipped in by the car load and given work, strengthened the feeling against them. It needed but little to incite this feeling into an active crusade against the Chinese, and precipitated the little battle at No. 6 Mine, about one mile north of town. Through some misunderstanding two Chinamen took a roomed the mine belonging to two white men. When the white men came they ordered them out. They refused to go. They were then, which was participated in by nearly all the whites and Chinamen in the mines. The Chinamen were worsted in the fight and four of them were killed. One of the whites whom has since died. The white miners then came out, armed themselves with firearms and the Chinese men in other three mines to come out in the afternoon. Meantime all was excitement in Chinatown. The flag was hoisted as a warning, and the Chinese were in different parts of the camp fired to their quarters. After dinner the saloons closed, and no liquor has been sold since. The miners gathered on the front streets, about one hundred of them armed with guns and revolvers, and proceeded toward Chinatown. Before reaching there they sent a committee of three warning the Chinamen to leave in an hour. The Chinese, however, did not start to pack up, but to half an hour the white men grew impatient and advanced upon the Chinese, quarrels, and shouting and firing their guns in the air. Without offering resistance the Chinese fled with what they could. They fled to the hills, and a great part of the town, the miners firing at them as they fled. All the stores in town were closed, and women and children were out watching the hurried exit of John Chinaman, and every one seemed glad to see them go. Soon a black smoke was seen issuing from the peak of a house in Hong Kong, then from another, and very soon eight or ten of the largest of the houses were in flames. Half a dozen of the smoke, numbers of Chinamen rushed from the burning buildings, and with hanties and blankets, they tried to protect themselves from stray rifle bullets. They followed their retreating brethren into the hills at the foot of the mountain. A great town was next visited, and the ineffective inmates shot dead. All the employees of the coal department of the railroad were ordered to leave the town, and they did so on the evening train. During the night all of the Chinese houses in the town, numbering nearly fifty, were burned to the ground. A number of Chinamen who were hiding fled from the burning buildings. The light of morning revealed some terrible sights.

Four Killed.

LOST CREEK, Sept. 5.—The Lehigh Valley Coal company's No. 3 colliery was the scene of a terrific explosion, resulting in the death of one man and the fatal injury to three others. The explosion was caused by gas that had generated during the night, especially in the breast worked by Alexander McLeod. John H. Grant, who had found the mine until he was instructed not to enter the mine until he was cleared. The men discovered and entered the mine to brush down the gas. Grant was always attended with great danger. They hung their naked limbs in the heading and the men were killed. The explosion was a terrific explosion. McLeod was found burned beyond recognition. Martin and Anthony Gimesley lay close to him, having not time to get away. The bodies were shockingly burned. When the news of the explosion reached the neighborhood, the miners gathered to see the scene. Many families assembled about the pits and could not be carried away until the morning. The explosion was a terrible one. The colliery suspended work in consequence of the accident.

Getting Down to Business.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 5.—The Ontario government have taken prompt action in reference to the terrible smallpox epidemic now prevailing at Montreal. An order in council has been passed, authorizing the provincial board of health to appoint inspectors with power to board all trains and steamboats westward from Montreal, and to compel all passengers to produce certificates of vaccination, or be vaccinated on the spot. The importation of rags and second-hand clothing from Montreal is strictly prohibited, and all are to call on the board of health to proceed with compulsory vaccination wherever cases of disease may be reported.

Feeling.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Superintendent James T. Gorman, of the Traction company, was induced to leave his home by a message. The message was from J. P. Fowles, the secretary of the board of health, who had been a grippan for the Traction company, but who had been discharged by Mr. Gorman.

A Diamond's Deed.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 5.—Frederick Hermon, a well-known diamond merchant, was induced to leave his home by a message. The message was from J. P. Fowles, the secretary of the board of health, who had been a grippan for the Traction company, but who had been discharged by Mr. Gorman.

KILLED IN THEIR CAGE.

THE AWFUL FATE OF FOUR MEN IN
A COAL MINE SHAFT.

Masses of falling rock mangle and hurt into the victims beyond recognition. Saved by a miracle—The Widow's Grief—The Company Condemned.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—One of the most horrible accidents that have occurred in this region for many years took place at the Oakwood shaft of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, at Mill creek. Four men were killed and two seriously injured.

The dead are: John Martin, thirty-eight years, miner, single; John Peterson, thirty years, miner, married; Thomas Jenkins, thirty-five years, laborer, single; James Carney, twenty-seven years, laborer, single.

The injured are: Patrick Smith, twenty-five years, single; leg broken, head and body cut and bruised; Patrick Purrel, twenty-five years, married; several ribs broken, shoulder in jarred and body bruised; will probably die.

The mine is situated just outside the city on a steep hill. It employs about one hundred men, thirty men and boys. Work was commenced as usual, and several cage loads of men had gone down. About half-past 6 o'clock ten men entered the cage and were lowered to the bottom. Just as the cage struck the bottom four men jumped off, and at the same instant, with a frightful crash, some masses of rock fell down the shaft on to the cage, smashing through the strong beams of the carriage like match sticks. Six men were on the carriage and four were killed on the spot. The other two, who were just stepping off, were struck by some of the wreck and hurled several yards away. The men at the bottom of the shaft were frightened, and as the miners gathered with their lights and endeavored to extricate the shattered and mangled remains of their companions from the wreck they were almost overcome with horror and two of them fainted. The bodies of all four were crushed almost out of all resemblance to humanity. Carney had been driven headfirst through the two-inch oak planks that formed the bottom of the cage. His remains were gathered up and wrapped in a cloth. What was left of his head was brought to the surface in a shovel. Jenkins had been struck in the middle of the back. His body was broken into two parts and his head crushed. The others were almost as badly mangled, and Martin was the only one whose features could be recognized. Their death was so instantaneous that none of them probably ever knew what happened.

Among those on the cage was Patrick Carney, a brother of the Carney that was killed. He relates the story as follows: "Going down the shaft, I was standing almost precisely upon the place where the hole was broken through the floor of the cage by the pieces of rock. When I heard the noise of the rock coming down against the side of the shaft above, and the smaller pieces striking the roof, I somehow stepped to the center and under the cross-wood which supports the roof. The others were running back and forth to find a place of safety, as all knew what the sound meant. The position saved me, as pieces of the rock struck the roof and crashed down through on either side of me. I was thrown out, and as the carriage was struck I made a step and fell into the hole that had been broken in the floor. One of the smaller pieces of stone hit my head. I got out of the place and half fell off into the gangway. My presence of mind had not deserted me and my first thought was to save my brother Jim. I called to him but there was no answer. Then we searched the wreck and found the bodies of the others all mangled and bleeding, and finally Jim—his feet on the edge of the carriage and his body and head lying over the edge and in the water of the pump-deal."

Peterson, a young Swede, was the only one married. He resided at Parsons, and on July 4 was married to a young Swedish girl, about twenty years old, whom he had courted in his home across the sea, and who had come over last spring to share his fortunes. When she was informed of her husband's terrible death she fell unconscious to the floor, and has since been in convulsions and violently delirious. The rock fell from the side of the shaft, near the top, and as the shaft is 750 feet deep it acquired tremendous force before reaching the bottom.

The coroner made an investigation into the cause of the accident, and will hold an inquest. Many of the miners in and about the shaft are of the opinion that the company has neglected to take proper precautions in regard to this danger of coal and rock falling into the pit from the levels above, and condemn the company accordingly.

Knight of Labor.

St. Louis, Sept. 5.—Messrs. Powderly and Tanner, acting for the Knights of Labor, submitted the following proposition to General Manager Talmage:

"First, That a general order be issued along the Wabash line instructing heads of departments and foremen that no discrimination shall be made in the employment of men on account of their being members of the order of the Knights of Labor.

"Second, That all employees who have taken part since the 14th of June in settlement of difficulties be at once given their positions held prior to that date.

"Third, That all other employees who were locked out June 16 be reinstated on or before October 1."

The following telegram was received:

"ST. ALBANS, Mo., Sept. 4.—T. V. Powderly, President House, St. Louis: 'Unless the Wabash troubles are settled I cannot hold the southwestern system men any longer.' R. W. DREW, 'Chairman Southwestern Committee.'"

Refused to Fight.

TUCSON, Ariz., Sept. 5.—A special from Grand-canyon canyon, Sonora, says: "A courier has just arrived from the front and reports that Capt. Crawford's scouts, on the eve of a fight a few days ago, refused to fight. Capt. Crawford ordered the soldiers to surround and disarm them, and they are now on their way to camp under guard. Crawford's death is confirmed. Capt. Davis has had another brush with Indians, but the result is not known. A courier reports that the rangers are anxious to surrender on condition that they be permitted to return to their reservation unmolested, but it is understood in the belt that the military will wage a war of extermination."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The adjutant-general of the army has ordered Gen. Schofield to send two companies of troops to the scene of the disturbance between the Chinamen and miners in Wyoming.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF



DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL
FLAVORING
EXTRACTS
ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Creams, Puddings, etc., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

Prepared by THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from

debility, should try

BROWN'S

ROCK

THE BEST TONIC

It is a medicine which does not contain any

poisonous or harmful ingredients, and is

entirely safe for all ages, and is

especially adapted for the treatment of

all cases of debility, and is

the only medicine which

restores the system to its

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WE OFFER CHAMBER SUITS!

the Newest and Best Styles, forty different styles Bureaus, seventy-five different styles Bedsteads, a large stock of Sideboards, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Chests, Bureaus, Hall and Lawn Seats, Dining and Library Tables, Marble and Wood-top Stands; ten different styles of

Folding Bed Lounges,

Spring Bottom Beds, Spring, Cotton, Cotton Top and Excelsior Mattresses; twenty Parlor Suits of the best styles and designs; also a large stock of Upholstered Platform Rockers, a full line of Rattan, Carpet Seat and Back, Bed Cases Outside Case, Perforated, Folding, Camp, Dining, Library and

Office Chairs!

We do not advertise an empty house but a LARGE FOUR-STORY BUILDING FULL of the best goods, comprising the greatest variety of styles and calculated to attract the attention of the most exacting trade. Call and see our stock. We take pleasure in showing it and giving prices.

HENRY ORT

East Second Street, Maysville.

Maysville REPAIRING WORKS.

—LOCK AND—

GUN SMITHING,

Steel Cutting,

BELL HANGING

—AND—

General Repairing.

Manufacturer of

RUBBER STAMPS

Of every description.

J. F. RYAN, No. 8 W. Second St.

ROBERT BIRNET,

—PRACTICAL—

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second Street.

W. E. GRIMES & CO.,

—New Stock of—

FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER

We make a point of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, Bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods.

Store: corner of Third and Market streets, Glasgow's old stand.

T. J. CURLEY,

Sanitary Plumber,

GAS & STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and steam gauges, Pumps and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Persons attending given to work and satisfaction guaranteed.

T. J. CURLEY,

Second Street, Market, opposite corner Dodson's, Maysville, Ky.

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LARGEST, NEWEST, FINEST
And MOST VARIED stock of Men's, Boys, and Children's Clothing in the State. For novelties in Plaids, Checks, Corkscrews, Whipcords and Fancy Worsted Suits, we are per excellence HEADQUARTERS.

Don't Take Our Word For it,

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We especially invite the Ladies to look at our CHILDREN'S SUITS, and Woolen and Cassmere WAISTS. We have a beautiful line in both. Our prices will surprise and please you—Respectfully,

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WATCHES,

SILVERWARE,

JEWELRY.

GOLD PENS,

SPECTACLES,

NOVELTIES.

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Not a dollar's worth of SUMMER GOODS to be carried over.

We will offer Great Bargains for the next ten days.

1,000 yards DRESS GINGHAMS at 5 cents per yard.

1,500 yards WORSTED DRESS GOODS at 5 cents per yard.

100 BLACK JERSEYS at 50, 85, \$1.25 and \$1.75, extra good value.

One lot remnants of WHITE GOODS at half price.

One lot remnants WORSTED DRESS GOODS at half price.

Ten dozen LADIES' GLOVES at 20 and 25 cents per pair.

Ten dozen MEN'S BORDERED HANDKERCHIEFS at 5 cts. each.

Ten pieces TABLE LINENS at 16 2-3, 20, 25 and 35 cents per yard.

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Big reductions on MOSQUITO BARS to close out.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

HERMANN LANGE,

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 48 Second Street, three doors below Market, Maysville, Ky.

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CARRIAGE BUILDERS

(Formerly with Burrows & Atherton),

have just opened a manufacturing establishment on Third Street, near market, and are fully prepared to do with promptness

all kinds of NEW CARRIAGE WORK,

at prices fully in accordance with the times.

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